

## 14. Quasi-coherent sheaves

### Last chapter

$X$  scheme  $\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{F}$  sheaf of modules on  $X$  (+ constructions)

### Problems

- $\hookrightarrow$  arbitrary  $\mathcal{F}$ : too general to work with
- $\hookrightarrow$  where to get examples?

### Idea

$R$  ring  $\rightsquigarrow X = \text{Spec } R$  scheme

$M$  an  $R$ -module  $\rightsquigarrow \tilde{M}$  an  $\mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } R}$ -module

$\hookrightarrow$  will restrict to  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -modules locally of this form

$\nwarrow$  quasi-coherent sheaves

### Def (Sheaf associated to a module)

$R$  ring,  $M$  an  $R$ -module,  $U \subseteq \text{Spec } R$  open.

Define the set  $\tilde{M}(U)$  as collections

$\varphi = (\varphi_p)_{p \in U}$  with  $\varphi_p \in M_p$  for all  $p \in U$

such that:  $\forall p \in U \exists f \in R, g \in M$  and  $p \in U_f \subseteq U$ :  
 $f \notin \mathfrak{p}$  and  $\varphi_q = \frac{g}{f} \in M_q \quad \forall q \in U_f$  } (\*)

$\rightsquigarrow M = R \rightsquigarrow$  recover definition of  $\mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } R}(U) \Rightarrow \tilde{R} = \mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } R}$

$\rightsquigarrow \tilde{M}$  sheaf,  $\tilde{M}(U)$  is  $\tilde{R}(U)$ -module  $\Rightarrow \tilde{M}$  is  $\mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } R}$ -module

$\swarrow$   
sheaf associated to  $M$

Pro  $X = \text{Spec } R$  affine scheme,  $M$  an  $R$ -module

(a)  $\forall p \in X: \widehat{M}_p \cong M_p$   
 stalk of  $\widehat{M}$  at  $p$       localization of  $M$  at prime ideal  $p \subseteq R$

(b)  $\forall f \in R: \widehat{M}(D(f)) \cong M_f \xrightarrow{f=1} \widehat{M}(X) = M.$

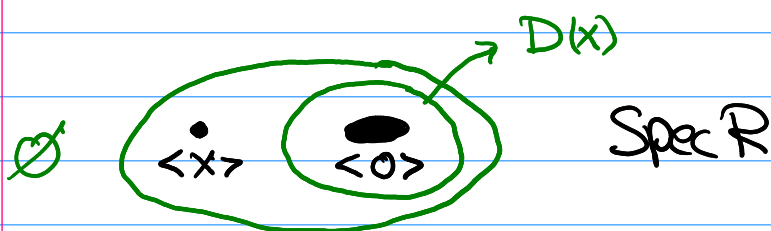
PF  $M = R \rightsquigarrow$  proven in [Lem. 12.18, Pro 12.19]

$M$  arbitrary  $\rightsquigarrow$  repeat same proofs

(have not multiplied numerators of fractions)  $\square$

Not every  $\mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } R}$ -module is of form  $\widehat{M}$ :

Ex 9  $R = K[x]_{\langle x \rangle} \cong \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{A}^1, 0} \rightsquigarrow X = \text{Spec } R$  describes  $\mathbb{A}^1$  at origin



Open sets in  $\text{Spec } R$

For  $U = D(x)$ : define presheaf of modules  $\mathcal{F}$  on  $X$ :

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathcal{F}(X) = \{0\} & R\text{-module} \\ \downarrow \mathcal{S}_{x,U} & \\ \mathcal{F}(U) = K[x]_{\langle x \rangle} & R_x = K[x]_{\langle x \rangle}\text{-module} \\ \downarrow \mathcal{S}_{U, \emptyset} & \\ \mathcal{F}(\emptyset) = \{0\} & 0\text{-module} \end{array}$$

$\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{F}$  is sheaf ( $\nexists$  nontrivial open covers)

But  $\mathcal{F} \neq \widehat{M}$  since otherwise  $M = \mathcal{F}(X) = \{0\} \Leftarrow$

## Quasi-coherent sheaves

$M$  an  $R$ -module  $\Rightarrow \tilde{M}$  an  $\mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } R}$ -module  
 $\rightsquigarrow$  geometric interpretation of module theory!

Def (Quasi-coherent sheaves)

$\mathcal{F}$  sheaf of  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -modules on scheme  $X$  is quasi-coherent if  $\exists$  affine open cover  $\{U_i = \text{Spec } R_i : i \in I\}$  of  $X$  with

$$\mathcal{F}|_{U_i} \cong \tilde{M}_i \quad \text{for some } R_i\text{-module } M_i.$$

## Remarks

(a)  $\mathcal{F}$  q.coh. on  $X$ ,  $U = \text{Spec } R \subseteq X \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}|_U \cong \tilde{M}$  for  $M = \mathcal{F}(U)$   
[Hartshorne, Prop. II.5.4]

(b)  $\mathcal{F}$  is a coherent sheaf if  $M_i$  is fin. generated  $R_i$ -module above  
 $\rightsquigarrow$  don't need this below.

Ex 9 (a)  $\mathcal{F} = \mathcal{O}_X$  is q.coherent ( $M_i = R_i \Rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } R_i} \cong \tilde{R}_i$ ).

(b)  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(d)$  is q.coherent on  $\mathbb{P}^n$  (isom. to  $\mathcal{O}_{U_i}$  on  $U_i \subseteq \mathbb{P}^n$ ).

Next everything modules do, q.coh. sheaves also do!

Lemma  $X = \text{Spec } R$  affine scheme

(a) For  $R$ -modules  $M, N$  we have a bijection

$$\{\text{morph. of } \mathcal{O}_X\text{-modules } \tilde{M} \rightarrow \tilde{N}\} \xrightarrow{1:1} \{R\text{-module homs. } M \rightarrow N\}$$

(b)  $0 \rightarrow M_1 \rightarrow M_2 \rightarrow M_3 \rightarrow 0$  exact  $\Leftrightarrow 0 \rightarrow \tilde{M}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{M}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{M}_3 \rightarrow 0$  exact.

(c)  $\tilde{M} \oplus \tilde{N} = \widetilde{M \oplus N}$ ,  $\tilde{M} \otimes \tilde{N} = \widetilde{M \otimes N}$ , for  $R$ -modules  $M, N$   
 $\tilde{M}^\vee = \widetilde{(M^\vee)}$ , for  $M$  a fin. generated  $R$ -module over a Noetherian ring  $R$ .

## Consequence

Kernels, images, quotients, direct sums, and tensor products of q. coherent sheaves are q. coherent.

Pf (a)  $\tilde{M} \xrightarrow{\tilde{F}} \tilde{N} \xrightarrow[\text{global sections}]{\text{global sections}} M \xrightarrow{f} N$  homom. of  $R = \mathcal{O}_X(X)$ -modules

Conversely:  $M \xrightarrow{f} N \rightsquigarrow M_p \xrightarrow{f_p} N_p \quad \forall p \in X \rightsquigarrow \tilde{M} \xrightarrow{\tilde{F}} \tilde{N}$

Constructions are inverse to each other.

(b)  $0 \rightarrow M_1 \rightarrow M_2 \rightarrow M_3 \rightarrow 0$  is exact seq. of  $R$ -modules

$\iff 0 \rightarrow (M_1)_p \rightarrow (M_2)_p \rightarrow (M_3)_p \rightarrow 0$  is exact seq. of  $R_p$ -modules  $\forall p \in R$  prime

[Gathmann, Prop. 6.27]

$\uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow$   
Stalks of  $\tilde{M}_i$  at  $p$

$\rightsquigarrow$  [Lem 13.21] exactness of  $0 \rightarrow \tilde{M}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{M}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{M}_3 \rightarrow 0$   
Can be checked at stalks.

(c) [Comm. algebra:  $\oplus, \otimes$  commutes w/ localization

$(\ )^v$  for f.g. mod. /  $R$  Noeth.

To prove e.g.  $\tilde{M} \oplus \tilde{N} \cong \widetilde{M \oplus N}$ :

$U \subseteq X$  open,  $(\varphi = (\varphi_p)_{p \in U}, \psi = (\psi_p)_{p \in U}) \in (\tilde{M} \oplus \tilde{N})(U)$

$\uparrow \varphi_p \in M_p \quad \uparrow \psi_p \in N_p$

$\implies ((\varphi_p \oplus \psi_p)_{p \in U}) \in \widetilde{(M \oplus N)}(U)$

$\in M_p \oplus N_p \cong (M \oplus N)_p$

$\implies \tilde{M} \oplus \tilde{N} \rightarrow \widetilde{M \oplus N}$  morphism of  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -modules, isom. of stalks at  $p$ .  
 $\implies$  isom. of  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -mod.

Then e.g.  $\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}$  q. coh.,  $\mathcal{F} \xrightarrow{f} \mathcal{G}$  hom. of  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -modules

$\implies U = \text{Spec } R \subseteq X$  we have  $\mathcal{F}|_U = \tilde{M}$ ,  $\mathcal{G}|_U = \tilde{N}$

then  $\mathcal{F}|_U \xrightarrow{f|_U} \mathcal{G}|_U \implies M \xrightarrow{F} N$  an  $R$ -module hom.

$0 \rightarrow \text{Ker}(f) \rightarrow M \rightarrow N \rightarrow 0 \rightsquigarrow 0 \rightarrow \widetilde{\text{Ker}(f)} \rightarrow \tilde{M} \rightarrow \tilde{N} \rightarrow 0$

$\cong \varphi_{\text{Ker}(f)|_U} \implies \text{Ker}(f)$  is q. coh.  $\square$

## The ideal sequence

Have seen  $\oplus, \otimes, \text{ker}, \text{Im}, \dots$  of q.coh. sheaves is q.coh.

$\rightsquigarrow$  What about pushforwards?

$\searrow$  No in general, but hard to construct, not relevant.

Yes for closed subschemes.

## Lem (Ideal sequence)

$i: Y \rightarrow X$  closed subscheme.

(a)  $\mathcal{F}$  q.coh. sheaf on  $Y \Rightarrow i_* \mathcal{F}$  q.coh. on  $X$ .

(b) There is an exact sequence

$$0 \rightarrow \underbrace{\mathcal{I}_{Y/X}}_{\text{define } \mathcal{I}_{Y/X} \text{ as kernel.}} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X \xrightarrow{\text{pull-back}} i_* \mathcal{O}_Y \rightarrow 0$$

of q.coh. sheaves on  $X$ .

$\mathcal{I}_{Y/X}$ : ideal sheaf of  $Y$  in  $X$ .

think: funct. on  $U \subseteq X$   
that restr. to zero on  $U \cap Y$ .

Pf (a) First assume  $X = \text{Spec } R$  is affine.

$\rightsquigarrow Y = \text{Spec}(R/I) \xrightarrow{i} \text{Spec}(R)$  (from  $R \rightarrow R/I$ ).

$\mathcal{F}$  q.coh. on  $Y \Rightarrow \mathcal{F} = \tilde{M}$  for an  $(R/I)$  module  $M$ .

Via  $R \rightarrow R/I$ : can see  $M$  as  $R$ -module (write  $M^R$ )

$\rightsquigarrow$  get  $\tilde{M}^R$  on  $\text{Spec } R$ .

Claim  $i_* \mathcal{F} = \tilde{M}^R$

Lem  $p \in \text{Spec } R \Rightarrow M_p^R = \begin{cases} M_{p, R/I} & \text{if } p \in Y \subseteq \text{Spec } R \Leftrightarrow p \supseteq I \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow$  on  $U \subseteq X$  open get map  $(i_* \mathcal{F})(U) \rightarrow \tilde{M}^R(U)$

$$(\varphi_p \in M_{p, R/I})_{p \in i^{-1}(U)} \mapsto (\varphi_p^R \in M_p^R)_{p \in U}$$

$\uparrow = \varphi_p$  if  $p \in U \cap Y$   
 $0$  otherwise

$\rightsquigarrow$  isomorphism.

$X$  general  $\rightsquigarrow$  cover  $X$  by  $\text{Spec } R_i$  & apply first part.

(b)  $\mathcal{I}_{Y/X}$  defined as kernel  $\leadsto$  only check  $\mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow i_* \mathcal{O}_Y$  surj.

[Lem 13.21] check on affine open cover  $\leadsto$  assume  $X = \text{Spec } R$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{\mathcal{O}_X}_{\widetilde{R}} \rightarrow i_* \underbrace{\mathcal{O}_Y}_{\widetilde{R/I}} \text{ given by } \widetilde{R} \rightarrow \widetilde{R/I}$$

^ see  $R/I$  as  $R$ -module

$$R \rightarrow R/I \text{ surjective} \begin{matrix} \leadsto \\ \text{[Lem 14.7(2)]} \\ \leadsto \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} 0 \rightarrow I \rightarrow R \rightarrow R/I \rightarrow 0 \text{ exact} \\ 0 \rightarrow \widetilde{I} \rightarrow \widetilde{R} \rightarrow \widetilde{R/I} \rightarrow 0 \text{ exact} \end{matrix}$$

Surjective. □

Note Proof shows that for  $Y = \text{Spec } R/I \xrightarrow{i} X = \text{Spec } R$ :  
 $\mathcal{I}_{Y/X} = \widetilde{I}$ .

Ex 9 (Skyscraper sequence revisited)

$p = (1:0) \in X = \mathbb{P}^1$ ,  $i: \{p\} \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$  inclusion,  $\mathbb{P}^1 = U_0 \cup U_1$  as usual  
 $\leadsto i_* \mathcal{O}_{\{p\}} = K_p$  skyscraper sheaf

$$\leadsto 0 \rightarrow \underbrace{\mathcal{I}_{\{p\}/X}}_{\cong \mathcal{O}(-1)} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow \underbrace{i_* \mathcal{O}_Y}_{= K_p} \rightarrow 0 \quad (*) \text{ skyscraper seq. (from before)}$$

### Consequences

(a)  $\mathcal{I}_{\{p\}/X} \cong \mathcal{O}(-1)$

(b)  $K_p$  is quasi-coherent:  $\begin{cases} \widetilde{K[x_1]/\langle x_1 \rangle} & \text{on } U_0 \\ \{0\} & \text{on } U_1 \end{cases}$

(c) Reprove exactness of (\*) using q.coh. sheaves:

$\leadsto$  can check on  $U_0, U_1$

$$\leadsto U_0: \text{corr. to } 0 \rightarrow K[x_1] \xrightarrow{x_1} K[x_1] \rightarrow K[x_1]/\langle x_1 \rangle \rightarrow 0$$

$$U_1: \text{corr. to } 0 \rightarrow K[x_1] \xrightarrow{\text{id}} K[x_0] \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 0$$

aff. coord. on  $U_0, U_1 \rightarrow$

homogeneous coord.:  $0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{x_0} K[\frac{x_1}{x_0}] \xrightarrow{x_1} K[\frac{x_1}{x_0}] \rightarrow K[\frac{x_1}{x_0}]/\langle \frac{x_1}{x_0} \rangle \rightarrow 0$

$$0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{x_1} K[\frac{x_0}{x_1}] \xrightarrow{x_1} K[\frac{x_0}{x_1}] \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 0$$

$\leadsto$  can check exactness on modules of sections on affine cover

## Rmk (Ideal sheaves)

Ideal sheaf =  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -module  $\mathcal{I}$  together with  $\mathcal{I} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X$  injective

(a) Lemma:  $Y \rightarrow X$  closed subscheme  $\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{I} = \mathcal{I}_{Y/X}$  is ideal sheaf

Conversely  $\mathcal{I}$  q-coherent ideal sheaf  $\xrightarrow{\text{defn.}}$   $Y = V(\mathcal{I}) \rightarrow X$  closed subscheme

Indeed:  $\{\text{Spec } R_i : i \in I\}$  affine cover  $\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{I}|_{\text{Spec } R_i} = \tilde{\mathcal{I}}_i$  for  $\mathcal{I}_i \triangleq R_i$

$\rightsquigarrow \text{Spec } R_i / \mathcal{I}_i \rightarrow \text{Spec } R$  closed subschemes  $\xrightarrow{\text{glue}}$   $Y = V(\mathcal{I}) \rightarrow X$ .

(b)  $\mathcal{I}$  q-coh. sheaf of ideals on variety  $X \rightsquigarrow \text{Bl}_{\mathcal{I}} X$  blow-up

Construction:  $U \subseteq X$  affine open  $\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{I}|_U = \tilde{I}$ ,  $I \triangleq A(U)$  ideal

$\rightsquigarrow \text{Bl}_I U$  defined before  $\xrightarrow{\text{glue}}$   $\text{Bl}_{\mathcal{I}} X$ .

Exercise  $X \subseteq \mathbb{P}^n$  irred. hypersurf. of degree  $d$

Show:  $\mathcal{I}_{X/\mathbb{P}^n} \cong \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(-d)$ .

From now on, all sheaves on a scheme are assumed to be quasi-coherent.

## Pull-back of sheaves

Have seen:  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  morphism of schemes,  $\mathcal{F}$  sheaf on  $X$   
 $\Rightarrow f^* \mathcal{F}$  sheaf on  $Y$  ( $\mathcal{F}$  q.coh,  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  <sup>closed</sup> subscheme  $\Rightarrow f^* \mathcal{F}$  q.coh.)

Converse operation:  $\mathcal{F}$  (q.coh) sheaf on  $Y \rightsquigarrow f^* \mathcal{F}$  sheaf on  $X$ ?

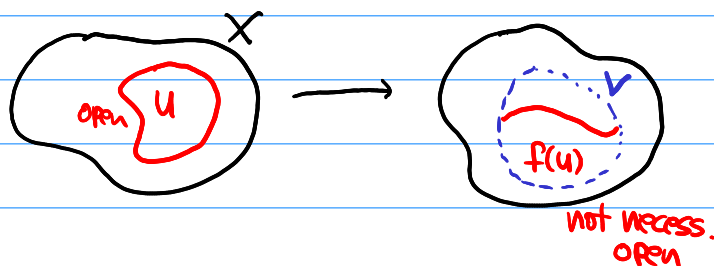
Construction  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  morphism of schemes,  $\mathcal{F}$  sheaf on  $Y$

(a) Assume  $X = \text{Spec } R$ ,  $Y = \text{Spec } S$  affine  $\rightsquigarrow f$  from  $S \rightarrow R$   
 $\mathcal{F}$  q.coh.  $\Rightarrow \mathcal{F} = \tilde{M}$  for  $S$ -module  $M$

$\rightsquigarrow M$  and  $R$  are  $S$ -modules  $\rightsquigarrow M \otimes_S R$  is  $R$ -module

$f^* \mathcal{F} := \widetilde{M \otimes_S R}$  on  $X$  (pull-back of  $\mathcal{F}$  along  $f$ )

(b)  $X, Y$  arbitrary



Presheaf on  $X$ :

$U \mapsto \{ (V, \varphi) : V \subseteq Y \text{ open w/ } f(U) \subseteq V, \varphi \in \mathcal{F}(V) \} / \sim$   
 <sub>$U$   $X$  open</sub> (\*)

where  $(V, \varphi) \sim (V', \varphi')$  if  $\exists W$  open,  $f(U) \subseteq W \subseteq V \cap V'$  with  $\varphi|_W = \varphi'|_W$

$\rightsquigarrow f^{-1} \mathcal{F}$  sheaf on  $X =$  sheafification of (\*)

$\rightsquigarrow (f^{-1} \mathcal{F})_p = \mathcal{F}_{f(p)}$  stalks agree

Problem  $f^{-1} \mathcal{F}$  not an  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -module (but  $f^{-1} \mathcal{O}_Y$ -module!)

$f^{-1} \mathcal{O}_Y$ : sheaf of rings on  $X$ ,  $f^{-1} \mathcal{O}_Y \xrightarrow{f^*} \mathcal{O}_X$  hom. of sheaves of rings  
 $\rightsquigarrow f^* \mathcal{F} := f^{-1} \mathcal{F} \otimes_{f^{-1} \mathcal{O}_Y} \mathcal{O}_X$



## Observations

- $f^* \mathcal{F}$  is  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -module:

$$\varphi \text{ sect. of } \mathcal{O}_X \rightsquigarrow f^{-1} \mathcal{F} \otimes_{f^{-1} \mathcal{O}_Y} \mathcal{O}_X \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes (\text{mult}_\varphi)} f^{-1} \mathcal{F} \otimes_{f^{-1} \mathcal{O}_Y} \mathcal{O}_X$$

- $X, Y$  affine  $\rightsquigarrow$  recover construction in (a)

$X = \text{Spec } R, Y = \text{Spec } S$  affine,  $\mathcal{F} = \tilde{M}$  for  $S$ -module  $M$

For  $p \in X$  compute stalks:

$$\begin{aligned} (f^* \mathcal{F})_p &\cong (f^{-1} \mathcal{F})_p \otimes_{(f^{-1} \mathcal{O}_Y)_p} \mathcal{O}_{X,p} \cong \mathcal{F}_{f(p)} \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_{Y,f(p)}} \mathcal{O}_{X,p} \\ &\stackrel{[14.2(a)]}{\cong} M_{f(p)} \otimes_{S_{f(p)}} R_p \stackrel{\text{LEM}}{\cong} (M \otimes_S R)_p \end{aligned}$$

$\rightsquigarrow$  Construct morphism of sheaves

$$\begin{aligned} f^* \mathcal{F} &\xrightarrow{\Psi} \widetilde{M \otimes_S R} \\ \varphi \in (f^* \mathcal{F})(U) &\mapsto (\varphi_p)_{p \in U} \in \widetilde{M \otimes_S R}(U) \quad \leftarrow \text{use isom. above} \end{aligned}$$

$\Psi$  morphism of  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -modules, isom. on stalks as

$$(f^* \mathcal{F})_p \cong (M \otimes_S R)_p \cong (\widetilde{M \otimes_S R})_p$$

Idea For local computations we use (a)

$\rightsquigarrow$  (b) just needed to see that  $f^* \mathcal{F}$  gives well-def.  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -mod.

## Properties of pullback sheaves

$f: X \rightarrow Y$  morphism of schemes,  $\mathcal{F}$  sheaf on  $Y$   
 $\rightsquigarrow f^*\mathcal{F} = f^{-1}\mathcal{F} \otimes_{f^{-1}\mathcal{O}_Y} \mathcal{O}_X$  pull-back sheaf on  $X$

$$X = \text{Spec } R, Y = \text{Spec } S, \mathcal{F} = \tilde{M} \rightsquigarrow f^*\mathcal{F} = \widetilde{M \otimes_S R}$$

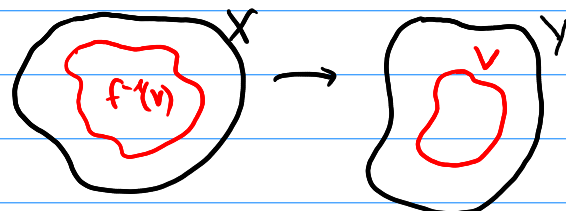
We collect some properties of  $f^*\mathcal{F}$ :

(a)  $f^*\mathcal{O}_Y = f^{-1}\mathcal{O}_Y \otimes_{f^{-1}\mathcal{O}_Y} \mathcal{O}_X \cong \mathcal{O}_X$   
 $\uparrow$   
 $A \otimes_A B \cong B$

### (b) Pullbacks of sections

$V \subseteq Y$  open,  $\varphi \in \mathcal{F}(V)$

$\rightsquigarrow$  get  $f^*\varphi \in (f^*\mathcal{F})(f^{-1}(V))$



$$f^*\varphi \in f^*\mathcal{F}(f^{-1}(V)) \longleftarrow \varphi \in \mathcal{F}(V)$$

Indeed:  $f^{-1}\mathcal{F}$  was sheafification of

$$(f^{-1}\mathcal{F}^{\text{ps}})(U) = \left\{ (V, \varphi) : V \subseteq Y \text{ open w/ } f(U) \subseteq V, \varphi \in \mathcal{F}(V) \right\} / \sim \quad (*)$$

$U = f^{-1}(V) \rightsquigarrow (V, \varphi)$  is sect. of  $f^{-1}\mathcal{F}^{\text{ps}}$  on  $U$

$\rightsquigarrow$  via  $(f^{-1}\mathcal{F}^{\text{ps}} \rightarrow f^{-1}\mathcal{F}) : (V, \varphi) \in (f^{-1}\mathcal{F})(U)$

$$\Rightarrow f^*\varphi := \underbrace{(V, \varphi)}_{\in (f^{-1}\mathcal{F})(U)} \otimes \underbrace{1}_{\in \mathcal{O}_X(U)} \in (f^*\mathcal{F})(U)$$

Satisfies nice properties:

e.g.  $\psi \in \mathcal{O}_Y(V) \rightsquigarrow f^*(\psi \cdot \varphi) = (f^*\psi) \cdot (f^*\varphi)$   
 $\uparrow$  mult. in  $\mathcal{F}(V)$   $\uparrow$  mult. in  $(f^*\mathcal{F})(f^{-1}(V))$

Pf  $(V, \psi \cdot \varphi) \otimes 1 = (V, \psi) \otimes f^*\varphi = (f^*\psi) \cdot (V, \varphi) \otimes 1$   
 $\uparrow$   $\psi \in (f^{-1}\mathcal{O}_Y)(f^{-1}(V))$   $\uparrow$  tensor prod. over  $f^{-1}\mathcal{O}_Y$   $\uparrow$  def. of  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -module struct. on  $f^{-1}\mathcal{F} \otimes_{f^{-1}\mathcal{O}_Y} \mathcal{O}_X$

(c) Functoriality:  $X \xrightarrow{f} Y \xrightarrow{g} Z$ ,  $\mathcal{F}$  an  $\mathcal{O}_Z$ -module

$$\rightsquigarrow f^* g^* \mathcal{F} \cong (g \circ f)^* \mathcal{F} \text{ as } \mathcal{O}_X\text{-modules}$$

Pf (affine case)  $X = \text{Spec } R$ ,  $Y = \text{Spec } S$ ,  $Z = \text{Spec } T$ ,  $\mathcal{F} = \widetilde{M}$   
 $M$   $T$ -mod.

$$\rightsquigarrow f^* g^* \mathcal{F} = f^* \widetilde{M \otimes_T S} = \widetilde{(M \otimes_T S) \otimes_S R}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{Lem}}{=} \widetilde{M \otimes_T R} = (g \circ f)^* \mathcal{F}$$

(d) Pull-backs by open embeddings

$$i_u: U \rightarrow X \text{ open embedding} \Rightarrow i_u^{-1} \mathcal{F} \cong \mathcal{F}|_U$$

$$\Rightarrow i_u^* \mathcal{F} = \mathcal{F}|_U \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_X|_U} \mathcal{O}_U \cong \mathcal{F}|_U$$

$\underbrace{\mathcal{O}_X|_U}_{=\mathcal{O}_U}$

(e) Fibers at points

$\mathcal{F}$  sheaf on  $X$ ,  $p \in X$  closed point,  $i_p: \{p\} \rightarrow X$  inclus.

$$\rightsquigarrow i_p^* \mathcal{F} \text{ sheaf on } \{p\} \Rightarrow \mathcal{F}|_p := (i_p^* \mathcal{F})(\{p\})$$

fiber of  $\mathcal{F}$  at  $p$

For factorization  $\{p\} \xrightarrow{i_{pU}} U = \text{Spec } R \xrightarrow{i_u} X$ ,  
 $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{i_p}$

$$\rightsquigarrow i_p^* \mathcal{F} \stackrel{(c)}{=} i_{pU}^* i_u^* \mathcal{F} \stackrel{(d)}{=} i_{pU}^* \mathcal{F}|_U = i_{pU}^* \widetilde{M} = \widetilde{M \otimes_R R/p}$$

$\uparrow$   $M$  an  $R$ -module       $\uparrow$  max. ideal assoc. to  $p \in U$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{F}|_p = M/pM \text{ as vector space over } K(p) = R/p$$

$$\varphi \in \mathcal{F}(V) \text{ for } p \in V \subseteq^{\text{open}} X \rightsquigarrow \varphi_p \in M_p \rightsquigarrow \varphi(p) \in M_p/p \cdot M_p \cong \mathcal{F}|_p$$

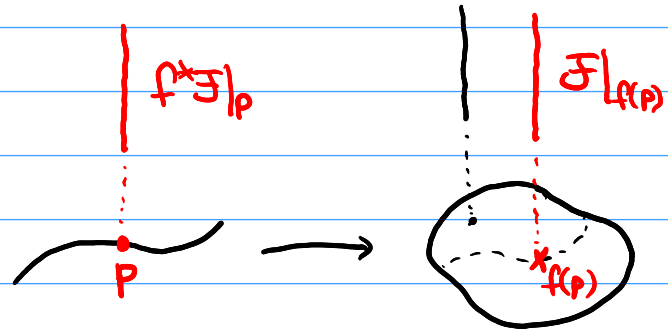
$\uparrow$  value at  $p$

Interpretation  $f: X \rightarrow Y$ ,  $\mathcal{F}$  q.coh.  $\mathcal{O}_Y$ -mod. on  $Y$

$\rightsquigarrow$  What is fiber  $f^*\mathcal{F}|_p$  at  $p \in X$  closed point?

Have diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \{p\} & \xrightarrow{i_p} & X & \xrightarrow{f} & Y \\ & \searrow & \text{---} & \nearrow & \\ & & i_{f(p)} & & \end{array}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow f^*\mathcal{F}|_p &= i_p^* f^*\mathcal{F} = i_{f(p)}^*\mathcal{F} \\ &= \mathcal{F}|_{f(p)} \end{aligned}$$

Next: useful class of q.coh. sheaves  $\mathcal{F}$  where all fibers  $\mathcal{F}|_p$  are isomorphic & fit together nicely.

## Locally free sheaves

Easiest class of  $R$ -modules: free modules  $M = R^n$

Q-coh. sheaves  $\mathcal{F}$  on  $X \rightsquigarrow$  locally  $\tilde{M}$  on  $\text{Spec } R$

Def (Locally free sheaves)

$\mathcal{F}$  q-coh.  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -module is called locally free if

$\exists$  affine cover  $\{U_i = \text{Spec } R_i\}$  of  $X$  s.t.  $\mathcal{F}|_{U_i} \cong \tilde{M}_i$  for  $M_i$  free  $R_i$  module of fin. rank.

Rank the same for all  $U_i \rightsquigarrow$  rank  $\text{rk}(\mathcal{F})$  of  $\mathcal{F}$ .

## Ranks

(a)  $\mathcal{F}|_{U_i} \cong \mathcal{O}_{U_i}^{\oplus r_i}$  but not necessarily  $\mathcal{F} \cong \mathcal{O}_X^{\oplus r}$

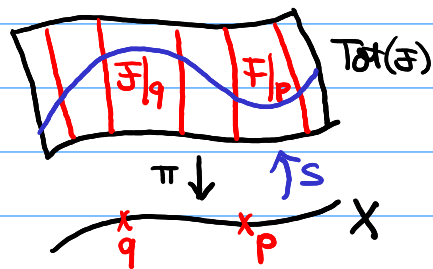
Ex  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(d)$  on  $X = \mathbb{P}^n \rightsquigarrow$  have seen:  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(d)|_{U_i} \cong \mathcal{O}_{U_i}^{\oplus 1}$

$\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(d)$  is locally free of rank 1, but  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(d) \not\cong \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}$  for  $d \neq 0$   
eg. look at global sections

(b)  $\mathcal{F}$  locally free of rank  $r \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{F}|_p = r$ -dim. vect. space /  $K(p)$

$\rightsquigarrow \exists$  scheme  $\text{Tot}(\mathcal{F}) \xrightarrow{\pi} X$   
total space of  $\mathcal{F}$

Such that



$$\mathcal{F}(U) \cong \{s: U \rightarrow \text{Tot}(\mathcal{F}) : \pi \circ s = \text{id}_U\}$$

Idea on  $U_i$  with  $\mathcal{F}|_{U_i} \cong \mathcal{O}_{U_i}^{\oplus r} \rightsquigarrow \text{Tot}(\mathcal{O}_{U_i}^{\oplus r}) = U_i \times \mathbb{A}^r \longrightarrow U_i$

$\rightsquigarrow$  glue those together to  $\text{Tot}(\mathcal{F}) \rightsquigarrow$  vector bundle

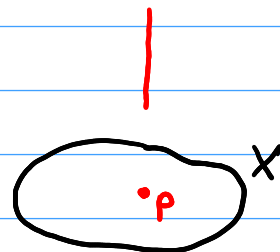
$r=1$ :  $\mathcal{F}$  invertible sheaf,  $\text{Tot}(\mathcal{F})$ : line bundle

Exa  $\mathcal{O}_X^{\oplus r}$  (trivial) locally free sheaf of rank  $r$

$\leadsto \text{Tot}(\mathcal{O}_X^{\oplus r}) = X \times \mathbb{A}^r \xrightarrow{\pi} X$  (trivial) vector bundle

Non-Exa  $\mathcal{F} = \mathcal{K}_p$

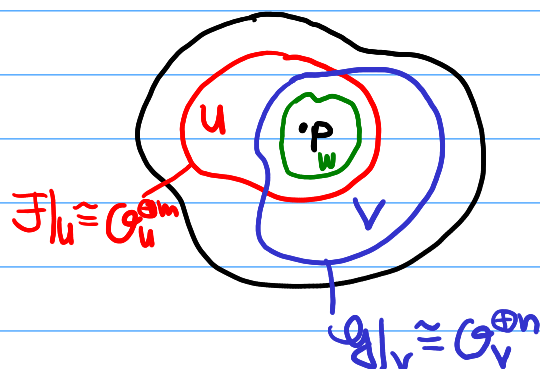
$\leadsto \mathcal{F}|_q = \begin{cases} K & q = p \\ 0 & q \neq p \end{cases} \leadsto \mathcal{F} \text{ not loc. free}$   
(unless  $\{p\}$  is open...)



Prop  $\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}$  locally free sheaves of ranks  $m, n$ , then

- $\mathcal{F} \oplus \mathcal{G}$  loc. free of rank  $m+n$
- $\mathcal{F} \otimes \mathcal{G}$  loc. free of rank  $m \cdot n$
- $\mathcal{F}^\vee$  loc. free of rank  $m$
- $f^* \mathcal{F}$  loc. free of rank  $m$  for  $f: Y \rightarrow X$  morphism.

Pf  $\forall p \in X \exists$  open nbhd.  $U, V$  with  
 $\mathcal{F}|_U \cong \mathcal{O}_U^{\oplus m}, \mathcal{G}|_V \cong \mathcal{O}_V^{\oplus n}$



On  $p \in W \subseteq U \cap V, W = \text{Spec } R$  affine

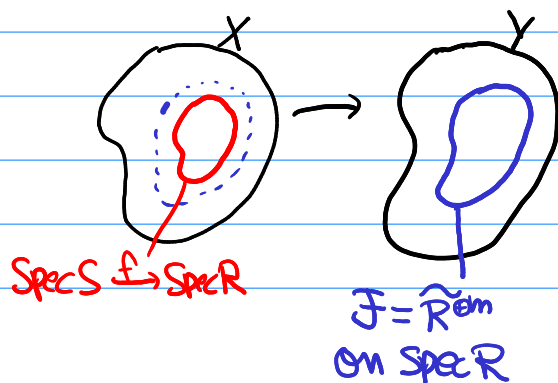
$$\mathcal{F} \oplus \mathcal{G}|_W = \widehat{R^{\oplus m} \oplus R^{\oplus n}} \cong \mathcal{O}_W^{\oplus (m+n)}$$

$$\mathcal{F} \otimes \mathcal{G}|_W = \widehat{R^{\oplus m} \otimes R^{\oplus n}} \cong \mathcal{O}_W^{\oplus (m \cdot n)}$$

$$\mathcal{F}^\vee|_W = \widehat{\text{Hom}_R(R^{\oplus m}, R)} \cong \widehat{R^m} \cong \mathcal{O}_W^{\oplus m}$$

Finally (in situation on right):

$$f^* \mathcal{F}|_{\text{Spec } S} = \widehat{R^{\oplus m} \otimes_R S} = \widehat{S^{\oplus m}} = \mathcal{O}_{\text{Spec } S}^{\oplus m}$$



□

## Application: maps to projective space

### Recall

(a)  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(d)$  invertible sheaf (line bundle) on  $\mathbb{P}^n = \mathbb{P}_K^n$

$\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(d)(\mathbb{P}^n) = K[x_0, \dots, x_n]_d = S(\mathbb{P}^n)_d$  global sections

$$\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(1)(\mathbb{P}^n) = \text{Lin}_K(x_0, \dots, x_n)$$

(b)  $f_0, \dots, f_n \in S(\mathbb{P}^n)_d$  homogeneous of same degree

$\rightsquigarrow (f_0 : \dots : f_n) : \mathbb{P}^n \setminus V_p(f_0, \dots, f_n) \longrightarrow \mathbb{P}^n$  morphism

$\uparrow$  can interpret  
 $\uparrow$  as sections of  $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(d)$

Thm Given a variety  $X$  over  $K$ , there is a bijection

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{morphisms} \\ f: X \longrightarrow \mathbb{P}_K^n \end{array} \right\} \xrightarrow[\Psi]{\sim} \left\{ (\mathcal{L}, s_0, \dots, s_n) \left| \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{L}/X \text{ invertible sheaf,} \\ s_0, \dots, s_n \in \mathcal{L}(X) \text{ sect.} \\ \text{st. } \forall p \in X \exists i: s_i(p) \neq 0 \end{array} \right. \right\} / \cong$$

$$f \longmapsto (\mathcal{L} = f^*(\mathcal{O}(1)), s_0 = f^*x_0, \dots, s_n = f^*x_n)$$

Here  $(\mathcal{L}, s_0, \dots, s_n) \cong (\mathcal{L}', s'_0, \dots, s'_n)$  if  $\exists \mathcal{L} \cong \mathcal{L}'$  sending  $s_i$  to  $s'_i$ .

Lem  $Y$  scheme,  $\Psi: \mathcal{O}_Y \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{O}_Y$  isom.

$\Rightarrow s = \Psi(1) \in \mathcal{O}_Y(Y)^\times$  and  $\Psi(\varphi) = s \cdot \varphi \quad \forall \varphi \in \mathcal{O}_Y(Y)$ .

Pf  $\Psi(\varphi) = \Psi(\varphi \cdot 1) = \varphi \Psi(1) = \varphi \cdot s$  since  $\Psi = \text{Hom. of } \mathcal{O}_Y\text{-mod.}$

$t = \Psi^{-1}(1) \rightsquigarrow 1 = \Psi(\Psi^{-1}(1)) = s \cdot t \Rightarrow s \in \mathcal{O}_Y(Y)^\times$  invertible.  $\square$

Pf of Thm  $\Psi$  well-def.  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(1)$  loc. free of rk 1  $\Rightarrow \mathcal{L} = f^*(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(1))$  l.f. rank 1.

$x_i \in \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(1)(\mathbb{P}^n) \Rightarrow s_i = f^*x_i \in \mathcal{L}(X)$ .

$s_i(p) = 0 \in \mathcal{L}|_p \cong \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(1)|_{f(p)} \Leftrightarrow x_i|_{f(p)} = 0$  but  $V(x_0, \dots, x_n) = \emptyset$

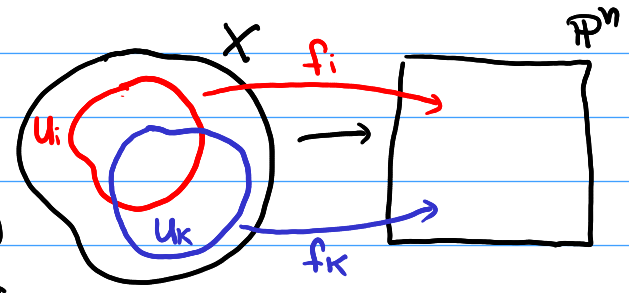
$\rightsquigarrow$  not all  $s_i(p)$  can be 0.  
 $\Leftrightarrow f(p) \in V(x_i)$

**Inverse construction**  $(\mathcal{L}, s_0, \dots, s_n)$  as above

$\mathcal{L}$  loc free rk 1

$\Rightarrow \exists$  cover  $\{U_i : i \in I\}$  of  $X$ :

$\mathcal{L}|_{U_i} \cong_{\varphi_i} \mathcal{O}_{U_i} \xrightarrow{s_i} \mathcal{O}_{U_i} \cong_{\varphi_i} \mathcal{O}_{U_i} \xrightarrow{f_{i,U_i}} \mathcal{O}_{U_i}$   
 regular funct.



$\Rightarrow f_i = (f_{0,U_i} : \dots : f_{n,U_i}) : U_i \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^n$  well-def. morph. ( $\forall p \exists j : f_j(p) \neq 0$ )

$$\text{On } U_i \cap U_k : \mathcal{O}_{U_i \cap U_k} \xrightarrow{\cong_{\varphi_i}} \mathcal{L}|_{U_i \cap U_k} \xrightarrow{\cong_{\varphi_k}} \mathcal{O}_{U_i \cap U_k} \xrightarrow{\psi_{ik}}$$

Lem  $\Rightarrow \psi_{ik}$  given by multiplic. with  $s_{ik} \in \mathcal{O}_{U_i \cap U_k}(U_i \cap U_k)^\times$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow f_i|_{U_i \cap U_k} &= (f_{0,U_i} : \dots : f_{n,U_i}) = (s_{ik} f_{0,U_k} : \dots : s_{ik} f_{n,U_k}) \\ &\stackrel{\uparrow}{=} (f_{0,U_k} : \dots : f_{n,U_k}) = f_k|_{U_i \cap U_k} \end{aligned}$$

$(f_i)_{i \in I}$  glue to  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^n$

$\mathbb{P}^n$  invar. under scaling by  $K^\times$

Similar:  $(\mathcal{L}', s'_0, \dots, s'_n)$  isom.  $\Rightarrow f'_{j,U_i}$  differ from  $f_{j,U_i}$  common factor  $s_i$ .

Exercise The two constructions above are inverse.

[see Vakil, Sect. 15.2]

□

$\rightsquigarrow$  Can use invertible sheaves/line bundles to understand classical questions on varieties (maps to  $\mathbb{P}^n$ )

Thm Every line bundle  $\mathcal{L}$  on  $\mathbb{P}^n$  is of the form  $\mathcal{L} \cong \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(d)$  for some  $d$ .

Exercise Show  $\text{Aut}(\mathbb{P}^n_K) \cong \text{PGL}_K(n+1)$ .